

## N-(2,3-Dichlorophenyl)benzamide

B. Thimme Gowda,<sup>a,\*</sup> B. P. Sowmya,<sup>a</sup> Miroslav Tokarčík,<sup>b</sup> Jozef Kožíšek<sup>c</sup> and Hartmut Fuess<sup>d</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Mangalore University, Mangalagangotri 574 199, Mangalore, India, <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemical Physics, Slovak University of Technology, Radlinského 9, 812 37 Bratislava, Slovak Republic, <sup>c</sup>Department of Physical Chemistry, Slovak University of Technology, Radlinského 9, SK-812 37 Bratislava, Slovak Republic, and <sup>d</sup>Institute of Materials Science, Darmstadt University of Technology, Petersenstrasse 23, D-64287 Darmstadt, Germany  
Correspondence e-mail: gowdabt@yahoo.com

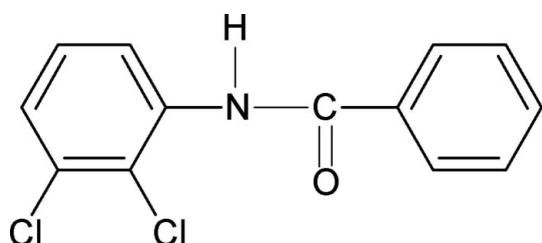
Received 21 June 2007; accepted 21 June 2007

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 295\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.036;  $wR$  factor = 0.093; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.1.

In the structure of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}$ , the conformation of the N–H bond is *syn* to the chloro substituents on the aniline benzene ring, similar to that observed in *N*-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)acetamide, but in contrast to the anti conformation observed with respect to the *ortho*-Cl substituent in *N*-(2-chlorophenyl)benzamide. The structure closely resembles the structures of 2-chloro-*N*-phenylbenzamide, *N*-(2-chlorophenyl)benzamide and *N*-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)acetamide. The molecules are linked into a chain through an N–H···O hydrogen bond.

## Related literature

For related literature, see: Gowda *et al.* (2003); Gowda, Foro *et al.* (2007); Gowda, Kozisek *et al.* (2007); Gowda, Sowmya *et al.* (2007).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}$

$M_r = 266.11$

Orthorhombic,  $Pbcn$

$a = 24.2968(12)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 11.3273(5)\text{ \AA}$

$c = 8.7396(3)\text{ \AA}$

$V = 2405.29(18)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.52\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 295(2)\text{ K}$

$0.45 \times 0.09 \times 0.07\text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur

diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford

Diffraction, 2006)

$T_{\min} = 0.894$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.961$

21027 measured reflections

2319 independent reflections

981 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.097$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$

$wR(F^2) = 0.093$

$S = 0.91$

2319 reflections

154 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.19\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
N1–H1N···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.17	2.952 (3)	152
N1–H1N···Cl1	0.86	2.57	2.929 (3)	106
C9–H9···O1	0.93	2.34	2.861 (4)	115

Symmetry code: (i)  $x, -y + 1, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2002); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*, *PLATON* (Spek, 2003) and *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

BTG thanks the Alexander von Humboldt Foundation, Bonn, Germany for extensions of his research fellowship. JK and MT thank the Grant Agency of the Slovak Republic (grant No. 1/2449/05).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT2404).

## References

- Brandenburg, K. (2002). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.  
Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.  
Farrugia, L. J. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **32**, 837–838.  
Gowda, B. T., Foro, S. & Fuess, H. (2007). *Acta Cryst. E63*, o2631–o2632.  
Gowda, B. T., Jyothi, K., Paulus, H. & Fuess, H. (2003). *Z. Naturforsch. Teil A*, **58**, 225–230.  
Gowda, B. T., Kozisek, J., Svoboda, I. & Fuess, H. (2007). *Z. Naturforsch. Teil A*, **62**, 91–100.  
Gowda, B. T., Sowmya, B. P., Kožíšek, J., Tokarčík, M. & Fuess, H. (2007). *Acta Cryst. E63*, o2906.  
Oxford Diffraction (2006). *CrysAlis CCD* and *CrysAlis RED*. Oxford Diffraction Ltd, Abingdon, Oxfordshire, England.  
Sheldrick, G. M. (1997). *SHELXS97* and *SHELXL97*. University of Göttingen, Germany.  
Spek, A. L. (2003). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **36**, 7–13.

## **supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2007). E63, o3326 [doi:10.1107/S1600536807030243]

### N-(2,3-Dichlorophenyl)benzamide

**B. T. Gowda, B. P. Sowmya, M. Tokarcík, J. Kozísek and H. Fuess**

#### Comment

In the present work, the structure of *N*-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide has been determined to explore the substituent effects on the structures of N-aromatic amides (Gowda *et al.*, 2003; Gowda, Foro, & Fuess, 2007; Gowda, Kozisek, *et al.*, 2007; Gowda, Sowmya, *et al.*, 2007). The conformation of the N—H bond (Fig. 1) is *syn* to the chloro substituents in the aniline phenyl ring, similar to that observed in *N*-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-acetamide (Gowda, Foro, & Fuess, 2007), but in contrast to the anti conformation observed with respect to the *ortho*-Cl substituent in *N*-(2-chlorophenyl)-benzamide (Gowda, Sowmya, *et al.*, 2007). The structure resembles the structure of *N*-(phenyl)-2-chlorobenzamide (Gowda *et al.*, 2003), *N*-(2-chlorophenyl)-benzamide (Gowda, Sowmya, *et al.*, 2007) and *N*-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-acetamide (Gowda, Foro, & Fuess, 2007). The packing diagram shows the infinite chain of molecules along [0 0 1] linked by N—H···O hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2 and Table 2).

#### Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to the literature method (Gowda *et al.*, 2003). The purity of the compound was checked by determining its melting point. It was characterized by recording its infrared and NMR spectra. Single crystals of the title compound were obtained from an ethanolic solution.

#### Refinement

H atoms were found in a difference map and refined using a riding model with C—H distances of 0.93 Å and 0.86 Å for the H—N distance and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$ .

#### Figures

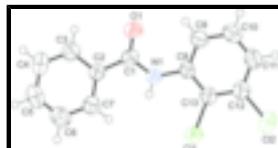


Fig. 1. Molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

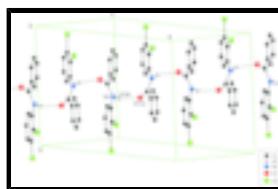


Fig. 2. Part of crystal structure of the title compound showing the infinite chain of molecules along [0 0 1] linked by hydrogen bonds N1—H1N···O1(i). Symmetry operation (i):  $x, -y + 1, z + 1/2$ .

# supplementary materials

---

## N-(2,3-Dichlorophenyl)benzamide

### Crystal data

C <sub>13</sub> H <sub>9</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> NO	$F_{000} = 1088$
$M_r = 266.11$	$D_x = 1.47 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, <i>Pbcn</i>	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: -P 2n 2ab	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 24.2968 (12) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 2616 reflections
$b = 11.3273 (5) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 3.1\text{--}29.4^\circ$
$c = 8.7396 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.52 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$V = 2405.29 (18) \text{ \AA}^3$	$T = 295 (2) \text{ K}$
$Z = 8$	Needle, colorless
	$0.45 \times 0.09 \times 0.07 \text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer	981 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.097$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.9^\circ$
$\varphi$ scans, and $\omega$ scans with $\kappa$ offsets	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 4.3^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2006)	$h = -29 \rightarrow 29$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.894$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.961$	$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
21027 measured reflections	$l = -10 \rightarrow 10$
2319 independent reflections	

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	H-atom parameters constrained
Least-squares matrix: full	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0374P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.002$
$wR(F^2) = 0.093$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.17 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 0.91$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2319 reflections	Extinction correction: none
154 parameters	

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.37448 (11)	0.4513 (3)	0.2398 (3)	0.0476 (7)
C2	0.33837 (11)	0.3829 (3)	0.3452 (3)	0.0444 (7)
C3	0.34131 (12)	0.2616 (3)	0.3412 (3)	0.0555 (8)
H3	0.3652	0.2249	0.2730	0.067*
C4	0.30922 (14)	0.1938 (3)	0.4369 (4)	0.0676 (9)
H4	0.3122	0.1120	0.4358	0.081*
C5	0.27301 (13)	0.2478 (4)	0.5336 (4)	0.0709 (10)
H5	0.2513	0.2023	0.5986	0.085*
C6	0.26823 (13)	0.3682 (4)	0.5359 (4)	0.0712 (10)
H6	0.2429	0.4040	0.6009	0.085*
C7	0.30086 (12)	0.4365 (3)	0.4420 (3)	0.0562 (8)
H7	0.2977	0.5183	0.4437	0.067*
C8	0.41571 (11)	0.6480 (3)	0.1992 (3)	0.0422 (7)
C9	0.45461 (12)	0.6195 (3)	0.0898 (3)	0.0559 (8)
H9	0.4629	0.5408	0.0700	0.067*
C10	0.48119 (12)	0.7080 (3)	0.0099 (3)	0.0632 (9)
H10	0.5071	0.6881	-0.0641	0.076*
C11	0.47010 (12)	0.8235 (3)	0.0375 (4)	0.0646 (9)
H11	0.4883	0.8820	-0.0174	0.078*
C12	0.43170 (13)	0.8539 (3)	0.1474 (3)	0.0560 (8)
C13	0.40443 (11)	0.7666 (3)	0.2283 (3)	0.0477 (8)
N1	0.38766 (9)	0.5620 (2)	0.2842 (2)	0.0491 (6)
H1N	0.3777	0.5821	0.3750	0.059*
O1	0.39099 (8)	0.40812 (18)	0.1197 (2)	0.0641 (6)
Cl1	0.35585 (4)	0.80396 (7)	0.36269 (8)	0.0689 (3)
Cl2	0.41772 (4)	1.00012 (8)	0.18131 (11)	0.0968 (4)

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0566 (19)	0.043 (2)	0.0428 (17)	0.0072 (16)	-0.0068 (15)	-0.0002 (16)
C2	0.0485 (19)	0.045 (2)	0.0400 (15)	-0.0013 (15)	-0.0039 (14)	-0.0011 (16)
C3	0.060 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.0521 (17)	0.0006 (16)	-0.0035 (17)	-0.0026 (17)
C4	0.071 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.077 (2)	-0.014 (2)	-0.012 (2)	0.012 (2)
C5	0.056 (2)	0.090 (3)	0.066 (2)	-0.022 (2)	-0.0032 (19)	0.018 (2)
C6	0.058 (2)	0.083 (3)	0.072 (2)	-0.011 (2)	0.0035 (18)	-0.004 (2)
C7	0.057 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.0570 (18)	-0.0028 (18)	-0.0022 (17)	-0.0011 (18)
C8	0.0471 (18)	0.044 (2)	0.0357 (15)	0.0009 (15)	-0.0022 (13)	0.0061 (14)
C9	0.0564 (19)	0.059 (2)	0.0526 (17)	0.0070 (17)	0.0064 (16)	0.0028 (17)
C10	0.050 (2)	0.077 (3)	0.0624 (19)	0.0063 (19)	0.0122 (16)	0.003 (2)
C11	0.055 (2)	0.063 (3)	0.075 (2)	-0.0085 (19)	0.0081 (18)	0.0079 (19)
C12	0.060 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.0569 (18)	-0.0016 (16)	-0.0002 (17)	0.0035 (17)
C13	0.0522 (19)	0.051 (2)	0.0402 (15)	-0.0011 (16)	-0.0025 (14)	0.0012 (15)
N1	0.0679 (16)	0.0411 (16)	0.0383 (12)	0.0027 (14)	0.0059 (11)	-0.0020 (13)

## supplementary materials

---

O1	0.0942 (16)	0.0539 (14)	0.0442 (11)	0.0014 (12)	0.0097 (11)	-0.0086 (10)
Cl1	0.0925 (6)	0.0530 (5)	0.0613 (5)	0.0056 (5)	0.0242 (4)	-0.0040 (4)
Cl2	0.1238 (8)	0.0477 (6)	0.1188 (8)	-0.0073 (5)	0.0328 (6)	0.0059 (5)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

C1—O1	1.226 (3)	C8—C9	1.383 (4)
C1—N1	1.351 (3)	C8—C13	1.395 (4)
C1—C2	1.490 (4)	C8—N1	1.401 (3)
C2—C3	1.377 (4)	C9—C10	1.382 (4)
C2—C7	1.384 (4)	C9—H9	0.9300
C3—C4	1.377 (4)	C10—C11	1.357 (4)
C3—H3	0.9300	C10—H10	0.9300
C4—C5	1.364 (4)	C11—C12	1.383 (4)
C4—H4	0.9300	C11—H11	0.9300
C5—C6	1.369 (5)	C12—C13	1.384 (4)
C5—H5	0.9300	C12—Cl2	1.716 (3)
C6—C7	1.378 (4)	C13—Cl1	1.718 (3)
C6—H6	0.9300	N1—H1N	0.8600
C7—H7	0.9300		
O1—C1—N1	122.6 (3)	C9—C8—C13	119.0 (3)
O1—C1—C2	120.9 (3)	C9—C8—N1	122.5 (3)
N1—C1—C2	116.4 (2)	C13—C8—N1	118.5 (2)
C3—C2—C7	119.2 (3)	C10—C9—C8	120.0 (3)
C3—C2—C1	118.3 (3)	C10—C9—H9	120.0
C7—C2—C1	122.5 (3)	C8—C9—H9	120.0
C2—C3—C4	120.7 (3)	C11—C10—C9	121.1 (3)
C2—C3—H3	119.6	C11—C10—H10	119.4
C4—C3—H3	119.6	C9—C10—H10	119.4
C5—C4—C3	119.4 (3)	C10—C11—C12	119.9 (3)
C5—C4—H4	120.3	C10—C11—H11	120.1
C3—C4—H4	120.3	C12—C11—H11	120.1
C4—C5—C6	120.7 (3)	C11—C12—C13	119.9 (3)
C4—C5—H5	119.7	C11—C12—Cl2	119.6 (3)
C6—C5—H5	119.7	C13—C12—Cl2	120.4 (2)
C5—C6—C7	120.1 (3)	C12—C13—C8	120.1 (2)
C5—C6—H6	120.0	C12—C13—Cl1	120.1 (2)
C7—C6—H6	120.0	C8—C13—Cl1	119.8 (2)
C6—C7—C2	119.8 (3)	C1—N1—C8	127.4 (2)
C6—C7—H7	120.1	C1—N1—H1N	116.3
C2—C7—H7	120.1	C8—N1—H1N	116.3
O1—C1—C2—C3	25.7 (4)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.1 (5)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-154.3 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.4 (4)
O1—C1—C2—C7	-151.9 (3)	C10—C11—C12—Cl2	-179.8 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C7	28.1 (4)	C11—C12—C13—C8	0.1 (4)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-2.9 (4)	Cl2—C12—C13—C8	179.5 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	179.4 (2)	C11—C12—C13—Cl1	-178.9 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.9 (4)	Cl2—C12—C13—Cl1	0.5 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.2 (5)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.4 (4)

C4—C5—C6—C7	−1.2 (5)	N1—C8—C13—C12	179.5 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C2	0.1 (4)	C9—C8—C13—Cl1	179.48 (19)
C3—C2—C7—C6	1.9 (4)	N1—C8—C13—Cl1	−1.5 (3)
C1—C2—C7—C6	179.4 (3)	O1—C1—N1—C8	7.4 (4)
C13—C8—C9—C10	−0.7 (4)	C2—C1—N1—C8	−172.6 (2)
N1—C8—C9—C10	−179.7 (3)	C9—C8—N1—C1	−30.1 (4)
C8—C9—C10—C11	0.5 (4)	C13—C8—N1—C1	150.9 (3)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1N···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.17	2.952 (3)	152
N1—H1N···Cl1	0.86	2.57	2.929 (3)	106
C9—H9···O1	0.93	2.34	2.861 (4)	115

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, -y+1, z+1/2$ .

## **supplementary materials**

**Fig. 1**

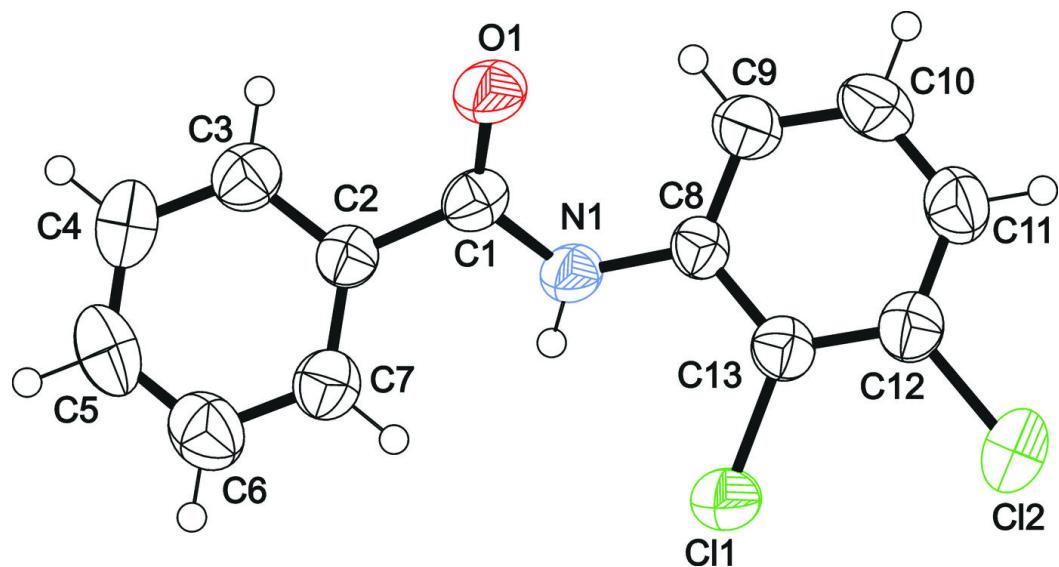


Fig. 2

